

# Pythagorean's Theorem

In this lesson, you will learn to use the most popular and well known of mathematical concepts. The **Pythagorean Theorem**. This theorem can only be used when you are solving problems involving **right triangles**. You will need to use your knowledge of equation solving and square roots. You can use Pythagorean's Theorem to solve problems involving **sailing** and **travel**.

## Sailing



## Travel



# Understand Pythagorean Theorem



Remember that the **side opposite** the **right angle** of a right triangle is called the **hypotenuse** of the right triangle. This side is always the **longest side** of the right triangle. The other two (shorter) sides are called the **legs** of the right triangle. The power of Pythagorean's Theorem can be seen when you use it to find the missing lengths of the sides of a right triangle.

## The Pythagorean Theorem

If **a** and **b** are the measures of the legs of a right triangle and **c** is the measure of the hypotenuse, then  $c^2 = a^2 + b^2$ .



# Using Pythagorean's Theorem



You can use the **Pythagorean Theorem** to find the **length** of the **hypotenuse** of a right triangle when the lengths of the legs of the right triangle are known. An **important** point to **remember** is that when you use Pythagorean's Theorem, you must always **find** the **square root** at the end of the problem.

**Square  
Roots** ?

**Example**

Find the hypotenuse of a right triangle if its legs have a length of 12 and 16.

# Using Pythagorean's Theorem




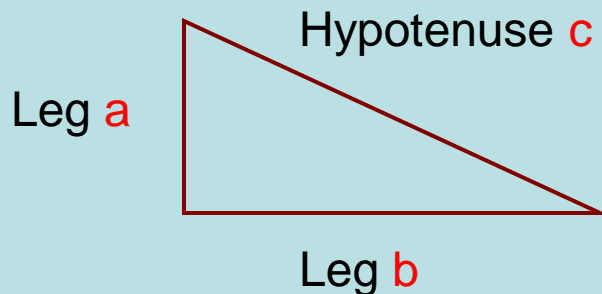
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**Example**

Find the hypotenuse of a right triangle if its legs have a length of 12 and 16.

 First, you must **evaluate** Pythagorean's Theorem by **substituting** the length of the legs into the formula ( $a = 12$  and  $b = 16$ ).



# Using Pythagorean's Theorem




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**Square  
Roots** ?

**Example**

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 First, you must **evaluate** Pythagorean's Theorem by **substituting** the length of the legs into the formula ( $a = 12$  and  $b = 16$ ).

No	Square	Square Root		No	Square	Square Root
1	1	1		19	361	4.36
2	4	1.41		20	400	4.47
3	9	1.73		21	441	4.58
4	16	2		22	484	4.69
5	25	2.24		23	529	4.80
6	36	2.45		24	576	4.90
7	49	2.65		25	625	5
8	64	2.83		26	676	5.10
9	81	3		27	729	5.20
10	100	3.16		28	784	5.29
11	121	3.32		29	841	5.39
12	144	3.46		30	900	5.48
13	169	3.61		31	961	5.57
14	196	3.74		32	1024	5.66
15	225	3.87		33	1089	5.74
16	256	4		34	1156	5.83
17	289	4.12		35	1225	5.92
18	324	4.24		36	1296	6

You may use a calculator to find the square or the square root of a number.



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